



Quelle: WHO (Hrsg.), Spotlight on adolescent health and well-being (2020), S. 87.

„Alcohol exposure in adolescence, especially when repeated, has negative associations with attention, memory and brain development.“

OECD (Hrsg.), Education in the Digital Age (2020), S. 25.

„Europe has the highest levels of alcohol consumption in the world and alcohol is one of the leading risk factors for premature mortality in the WHO European Region. In 2016, 10.1 % of all deaths in the Region were attributable to alcohol consumption.“

WHO (Hrsg.), Adolescent alcohol-related behaviours: trends and inequalities in the WHO European Region, 2002–2014 (2018), S. 2.

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